Attorney's Docket No.: 10274-063001 / A061CIP2 US

Applicant: Mundy et al.
Serial No.: 10/086,217
Filed: February 21, 2002

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Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1-85 (Canceled).

- 86. (Currently amended) A method for treating multiple myeloma in a subject comprising administering to the subject a combination of an anti-VLA-4 antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, or antibody homolog and a chemotherapeutic agent, wherein said combination is therapeutically or prophylactically effective to treat multiple myeloma in the subject.
- 87. (Currently amended) The method of claim 86, wherein the combination comprises a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a first composition comprising the anti-VLA-4 antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, or antibody homolog and a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a second composition comprising the chemotherapeutic agent.
- 88. (Previously presented) The method of claim 86, wherein the chemotherapeutic agent is selected from the group consisting of melphalan, a bisphosphonate, and thalidomide.
- 89. (Previously presented) The method of claim 88, wherein the chemotherapeutic agent is melphalan.
- 90. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 88, wherein the bisphosphonate is selected from the group consisting of ibandronate and pamidronate.

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91. (Currently amended) The method of claim 86, 87, 88, 89 or 90, wherein the antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, or antibody homolog is a monoclonal antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof or monoclonal antibody homolog.

- 92. (Currently amended) The method of claim 87, 88, 89 or 90, wherein [[an]] the anti-VLA-4 antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, homolog is selected from the group consisting of a human antibody homolog, a chimeric antibody homolog, a humanized antibody homolog, and [[a]] an antigen-binding Fab, Fab', F(ab')₂ or F(v) fragment of a human, chimeric or humanized antibody thereof, is administered.
- 93. (Previously presented) The method of claim 87, 88, 89 or 90, wherein said first composition is administered at a dosage that is lower when administered in combination with said second composition than when not administered in combination with said second composition.
- 94. (Previously presented) The method of claim 87, 88, 89 or 90, wherein said second composition is administered at a dosage that is lower when administered in combination with said first composition than when not administered in combination with said first composition.
- 95. (Previously presented) The method of claim 87, 88, 89 or 90, wherein said first composition is administered at a dosage that is lower when administered in combination with said second composition than when not administered in combination with said second composition; and wherein said second composition is administered at a dosage that is lower when administered in combination with said first composition than when not administered in combination with said first composition.
- 96. (Currently amended) The method of claim 86, 87, 88, 89 or 90, wherein the anti-VLA-4 antibody, or antigen binding fragment thereof, or antibody homolog binds the alpha chain of VLA-4.

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97. (Currently amended) The method of claim 86, 87, 88, 89 or 90, wherein the anti-VLA-4 antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, or antibody homolog is a B epitope specific anti-VLA-4 antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof or antibody homolog.

98. (Currently amended) The method of claim 86, 87, 88, 89 or 90, wherein the administering step comprises administering an anti-VLA-4 antibody, or antigen binding fragment thereof, homolog comprising a humanized light chain and a humanized heavy chain, the light chain and the heavy chain each comprising complementarity determining regions (CDR1, CDR2 and CDR3) from a murine 21.6 is a humanized anti-VLA-4 antibody, or antigenbinding fragment thereof.

99. (Canceled)

- 100. (Currently amended) A method for treating multiple myeloma in a subject comprising administering to the subject a combination of:
- (i) [[an]] a humanized anti-VLA-4 antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof homolog comprising a humanized light chain and a humanized heavy chain, the light chain and the heavy chain each comprising complementarity determining regions (CDR1, CDR2 and CDR3) from a murine 21.6 anti-VLA-4 antibody; and
- (ii) melphalan,
 wherein said combination is therapeutically or prophylactically effective to treat multiple
 myeloma in the subject.
- 101. (Currently amended) A method for treating multiple myeloma in a subject comprising administering to the subject a combination of:
- (i) an anti-VLA-4 antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, or antibody homolog, wherein the antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, or antibody homolog is a B epitope specific anti-VLA-4 antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof or antibody homolog; and
 - (ii) melphalan,

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wherein said combination is therapeutically or prophylactically effective to treat multiple myeloma in the subject.